

MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY

CALENDAR YEAR 2009 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT CERTIFICATION FORM

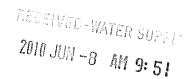
Water Systems Covered by this CCR

consum- water sy	deral Safe Drinking Water Act requires each <i>community</i> public water system to develop and distribute a er confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public yetem, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to omers upon request.
Please A	Answer the Following Questions Regarding the Consumer Confidence Report
	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other
	Date customers were informed: 4/28/10
	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery. Specify other direct delivery methods:
	Date Mailed/Distributed:/_/
V	CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
	Name of Newspaper: Starkille Daily Dews
	Date Published: 6 /18 /10
	CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)
	Date Posted: / /
	CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at www
CERTI	FICATION
system and corr	vertify that a consumer confidence report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water in the form and manner identified above. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true rect and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by sissippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
We Name/	The President Mayor, Owner, etc.) 10 128/10 Date

Mall Completed Form to: Bureat: of Emblic Water SupplyF.O. Box: 1700/Jackson, MS 39215
Phone: 601-576-7518

570 East Woodrow Wilson > Post Office Box 1700 > Jackson, MS 39215-1700

2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Double Springs Water Association PWS#: 0530008 June 2010



We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Gordo Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are provided immediately below. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Double Springs Water Association have received lower susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Jimmy Shurden at 662.323.9448. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of the month at 7:00 PM at the Community Center.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2009. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2009, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10.000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST RESU	JLTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contami	inants						
8. Arsenic	N	2005*	1.3	No Range	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass

									and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N	2005*	.158	No Range	pp	m	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2005*	1	No Range	рр	b	100	10	00 Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2008*	.1	0	pp	m	1.3	AL=1	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
17. Lead	N	2008*	3	0	рр	b	0	AL=	15 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2005*	.32	No Range	pp	m	4		4 Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
21. Selenium	N	2005*	7	No Range	рр	b	50	ţ	50 Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Disinfection	on By-	Products	5						
81. HAA5	N	2007*	.3	No Range	ppb	(9	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Chlorine	N	2009	.25	.2040	ppm	() MDF	RL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2009

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The Double Springs Water Association works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

The State of Mississippi

OKTIBBEHA COUNTY

AFFIDAVIT OF PUBLICATION

Before me, in and for said county, this day personally came the undersigned representative of the Starkville Daily News, a newspaper published in the City of Starkville, of said county and state, who being duly sworn deposeth and says that the oblication of a certain notice, a true copy of which, is hereto weeks consecutively, to wit:

Said representative further certifies that the several numbers of the newspaper containing the above mentioned notice have been produced and compared with the copy affixed; and that the publication thereof has been correctly made.

TITNESS MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE, this the

Notary Public A.D., 20 ic

Notary Public State of Misskesippi At Large My Commission Expires Chedor 19, 2010 Bonded That History (2006) A Carland, Inc. STARKVILLE DAILY NEWS

By: () Publisher & Clerk

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Publication Fee Proof(s) Of Publication Total Charges

\$ 420.5

AFFIDAVIT#

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2009 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Double Springs Water Association PWS#: 0530008 June 2010

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Contaminant	Violatio	n Date		TEST RES	OFIS			
	YAN	Collected	Detects		Unit Measura -ment	MCLG	MCL.	Likely Source of Contemination
Inorgani	c Contan	ninants		***************************************		L	***************************************	
S. Arsenic	N	2005*	1.3	No Runge	ppb	n/a	50	Erosion of natural deposits; run from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production was
10. Barium	TN	2005*	.158					
			130	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineried erosion of natural deposits
3. Chromium	N	2005*	1	No Range	daq	100	100	
4. Copper	N	2008*	1.1	10		100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposit
i7. Lead	N	2008*	3		ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corresion of household plumbit systems; erosion of natural deposits; teaching from wood preservatives
6. Fluoride	N	2005*	32	0	pipp	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumber systems, erosion of natural deposits
1. Selanium				No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; was additive which promotes strong leath; discharge from sentitiver
r, oeienkun	N	2005*	<u> </u>	No Range	bbp	50	50	and atuminum factories Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
disinfection ()	n By-Pr	oducts						
I. HAAS	********************	007* 3	N	o Range pob		71	60 l 8v	
hiorine	tn +2	009 2		040 ppm		1	ou dy.	Product of drinking water infection.

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DOUBLE SPRINGS WATER ASSN P.O. 521 MABEN, MS 39750 662-263-5009

Previous Balance: Water 533800-530100=3700

0.00 24.75

Billed: 06/28

After 07/10 pay 27.23 24.75 is due by 07/10

Total New Charges 06/28

24.75

24.75 is due by 07/10

Acct# 00030

After 07/10 pay 27.23 SVC:05/24-06/24 (31 days)

WYMAN BISHOP

Acct# 00030

3905 HWY 82 W

3905 HWY 82 W 10% PENALTY AFTER THE 10TH CCR REPORT AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST

WYMAN BISHOP 3905 HWY 82 W **MABEN MS 39750**